

# Metainfo Page

Gary B. Genett

2024-07-03

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## 2022 Lorem Ipsum #0

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To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

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**Welcome to [Composer]. *Happy Making!***

---

## 2023 Lorem Ipsum #3

### Directory Tree

The ideal workflow is to put [Composer] in a top-level .Composer for each directory tree you want to manage, creating a structure similar to this:

```
.../. Composer
.../
.../ tld/
.../ tld/sub/
```

To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

```
make -f .../ Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
make all-all
```

### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
make template >.composer.mk && $EDITOR .composer.mk
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Custom targets can also be defined, using standard [GNU Make] syntax (see [Custom Targets]).

### Important Notes

[GNU Make] does not support file and directory names with spaces in them, and neither does [Composer]. Documentation archives which have such files or directories will produce unexpected results.

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---

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```
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```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

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## 2023 Lorem Ipsum #6

### Directory Tree

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.../.Composer
.../
.../tld/
.../tld/sub/
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To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

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make template >.composer.mk && $EDITOR .composer.mk
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.../ tld/sub/
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```
make -f .../ Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
make template >.composer.mk && $EDITOR .composer.mk
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```
make -f .../ Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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```

### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

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```

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### Customization

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---

## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #0

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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #1

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make -f .../ Makefile init
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The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

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### Customization

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---

## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #2

### Directory Tree

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```
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```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #3

### Directory Tree

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```
make -f .../Makefile init
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The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

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```
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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #4

### Directory Tree

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.../.Composer
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.../tld/sub/
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```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #5

### Directory Tree

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To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

```
make -f .../ Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
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### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
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It is fully supported for input files to be symbolic links to files that reside outside the documentation archive:

```
cd .../ tld
ln -rs .../README.md ./
make README.html
```

Similarly to source code, [GNU Make] is meant to only run one instance within the directory at a time, and [Composer] shares this requirement. It should be run as a single user, to avoid duplication and conflicts. Concurrent runs will produce unexpected results. It is highly recommended to set [MAKEJOBS] to a value greater than the default, to speed up processing.

It is best practice to [install-force] after every [Composer] upgrade, in case there are any changes to the Makefile template (see [Templates]). Everything in [Composer] sources from the main Makefile, so that is the only file which requires review to see what changes have been made between versions.

### Next Steps

The archive is ready, and each directory is both a part of the collective and its own individual instance. Targets can be run per-file, per-directory, or recursively through an entire directory tree. The most commonly used targets are in [Primary Targets].

**Welcome to [Composer]. *Happy Making!***

---

## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #6

### Directory Tree

The ideal workflow is to put [Composer] in a top-level .Composer for each directory tree you want to manage, creating a structure similar to this:

```
.../.Composer
.../
.../tld/
.../tld/sub/
```

To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
make all-all
```

### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, .composer.mk and .composer.yml files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
make template >.composer.mk && $EDITOR .composer.mk
make template.yml >.composer.yml && $EDITOR .composer.yml
```

Custom targets can also be defined, using standard [GNU Make] syntax (see [Custom Targets]).

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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #7

### Directory Tree

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```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
make all-all
```

### Customization

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**Welcome to [Composer]. *Happy Making!***

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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #8

### Directory Tree

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```
.../.Composer
.../
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.../tld/sub/
```

To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked .Composer directory:

```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
make all-all
```

### Customization

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## 2024 Lorem Ipsum #9

### Directory Tree

The ideal workflow is to put [Composer] in a top-level `.Composer` for each directory tree you want to manage, creating a structure similar to this:

```
.../.Composer
.../
.../tld/
.../tld/sub/
```

To save on disk space, using a central [Composer] install for multiple directory trees, the [init] target can be used to create a linked `.Composer` directory:

```
make -f .../Makefile init
```

The directory tree can then be converted to a [Composer] documentation archive ([Quick Start] example):

```
make -f .Composer/Makefile install-all
make all-all
```

### Customization

If specific settings need to be used, either globally or per-directory, `.composer.mk` and `.composer.yml` files can be created (see [Configuration Settings], [Quick Start] example):

```
make template >.composer.mk && $EDITOR .composer.mk
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